



Applying for a Student Visa

Undergraduate Students (RQF 6)

December 2025

Contents

Student Document Checklist

Part 1: Before you Apply

- Are you eligible for a Student visa?
- Your Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies (CAS) number
- Where can you apply for your Student visa?
- Immigration Healthcare Surcharge (IHS)
- Preparing your supporting documents to avoid a refusal:
 - Differentiation for “Low-risk Nationals”
 - Understanding what money you need to show to avoid a refusal
 - What documents can I use as evidence of funds to avoid a refusal?
 - How can I prove I meet the English Language requirements?
 - Getting your document translated
 - Passport
 - TB Test Certificate
 - Under 18’s – letter of consent and evidence of relationship

Part 2: The Application Process

- What is the date of application?
- How much will your application cost and how long will it take to process?
- What are biometrics?
- Credibility Interviews
- Problems with your application (*including information on the impact of being refused*)
- Receiving your Student Visa
- Checking your Student Visa for errors

Key Contacts

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

Student Application Document Checklist

Essential documents to be included by ALL students

- Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies (CAS) – CAS number written on form
- Current valid passport

Documents which may need to be included by some students (read the guidance)

- Any previous passport/travel document used for travel to the UK
- Biometric Residence Permit for the UK ((if you have an old BRP card and are applying from within the UK). BRPs are no longer being issued)
- Tuberculosis (TB) Certificate – not required for visa applications made in the UK.
- Highly likely letter (if you are applying for a visa extension from within the UK to begin a new programme degree before your current degree is awarded)
- Official translation of any document not in English
- Financial documentation with the required amount of money in your bank account
- Financial documentation showing that the required amount of money is in your parent(s) bank account or partner's account

If using parent's account as evidence:

- Birth certificate or a certified copy; and
- Letter of consent from your parent(s) confirming your relationship and permission to use their money

Other forms of financial evidence:

- Evidence of any scholarships (LSE scholarships are listed on your CAS)
- Loan letter (US/ Government/ Official educational loans only)
- Evidence of Official Financial sponsorship if you are being wholly sponsored (tuition fees and living costs)
- Letter of consent if you have been officially financially sponsored within the last 12 months by a government or international scholarship agency. You are not required to provide a letter of consent if you received a university scholarship (including an LSE scholarship).

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

This guide is for students applying for a Student visa for an Undergraduate degree programme at LSE. If you are on another programme at LSE, please read the relevant guide for your cohort.

Part One: Before you apply

Are you eligible for a Student Visa?

- **Cap on degree level studies**

IMPORTANT: Read the section “*Student: time limits for study*” in the [Student Guidance](#).

UK Visas and Immigration (UKVI) cap the amount of time that a person can spend studying in the UK on student immigration permission. LSE can only sponsor you for a Student visa if your programme at LSE will not take you beyond five years and 11 months study at undergraduate degree level. You must provide details of all previous study at degree level in the UK to help Admissions assess this before issuing your CAS.

Read the UKCISA web pages on [“Time Limits”](#) to find out how LSE will calculate if we can sponsor your visa.

- **Academic Progression**

IMPORTANT: Read the section “*Student : academic progression*” in the [Student Guidance](#).

UKVI rules state that:

- Justification is required for study at the same level which shows that the new course relates to previous study and aids the applicant's career plans (you may also be required to justify this in a credibility interview);
- No study at a lower level is permitted – your application will be refused. If you have transferred to re-start year one of a different programme, contact the Student Advice and Engagement Team for advice.
- Students who fail to successfully complete their previous course of study can only apply outside the UK for the visa;
- Academic progression does not apply if the applicant is applying from overseas, but sponsorship is not guaranteed if your study is at a lower level. If you are joining us for a second undergraduate degree, we will be unable to sponsor you due to both academic progression and time caps.

Your Confirmation of Acceptance for Studies (CAS) number

Your eligibility for a CAS will depend on your previous study in the UK and the reason you require a CAS e.g. a refusal.

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

The CAS is the most important document you need from LSE for your Student application. You cannot apply for a Student visa until you have received your CAS number. You only need the CAS number not a hardcopy of the document to apply for your visa.

Check your CAS number carefully when you receive it. If there are any errors on the CAS e.g. you have a new passport or your name is not correct, you must contact the team who issued the CAS to get it amended (which you can do by replying to the CAS email). Errors on CAS numbers can lead to refusals, so it's important that it's right first time.

Receiving your CAS does not guarantee you a visa. It is extremely important that you read all the guidance given to ensure you meet the Immigration Rules. Your academic offer is separate to the Immigration Rules and you need to meet both the conditions of your offer and the Immigration Rules to join LSE.

You may meet the conditions of your academic offer, but you must have all the required documents in place before applying. Do not assume flexibility will be given.

Find out more about [getting a CAS for LSE](#) in our info sheet.

Where can you apply for your Student visa?

- **Applying outside the UK**

You can apply up to six months before the start date of your programme as stated on your CAS if applying from outside the UK. You apply in the country where you are living e.g. either your home country or another country where you might have the right of residence. If you are just visiting another country (e.g. as a tourist) you will need to return to your home country or a country where you have the right of residence to apply for a Student visa. The visa application form is online (except in North Korea), but you will have to travel to give your biometric information and submit your passport and supporting documents. There isn't a visa application centre in every country so you may need to travel to another country for the visa appointment.

Check on the UKVI website to find out where your nearest visa application centre is:
<https://www.gov.uk/find-a-visa-application-centre>

Many of the visa application centres are managed by private companies (such as VFS Global and TLS Contact) on behalf of UKVI. These centres administer the application process but do not make decisions on visa applications; decisions are made by UKVI employees.

- **Applying in the UK**

IMPORTANT: Read the section “Switching” in the [Student Guidance](#).

You can apply up to three months in advance of your programme start date. Not everyone

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

is able to apply for their Student visa in the UK based on their immigration status and the expiry date and course start of their new programme. UKCISA have produced [helpful guidance](#) which advises if you are able to apply in the UK.

If you do not think you can apply for your Student visa in the UK e.g. because your current permission does not allow you to switch, you must allow yourself plenty of time to return home and submit your application. Do not risk applying in the UK because if you receive a refusal, you may be unable to join your programme.

- **Overstayers**

If your visa expires and you haven't made a valid visa application, you will become an '**overstayer**' in the UK. This means that you have no legal status in the UK. **There is no 'grace period' of overstay; even one day beyond the expiry of your visa is breaking the rules and may affect all future immigration applications.** If you do become an overstayer, contact the Student Advice and Engagement Team as soon as possible. We can advise you on your options, as it may affect your ability to remain in the UK and enrolled on your course. We will share this information with other LSE departments.

Immigration Healthcare Surcharge (IHS)

Details of the IHS and how to calculate it can be found on the UKVI website: <https://www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application>. The sum is an annual amount, and you will be charged the annual amount for each year of the maximum period of leave at the point you apply for your visa. This is currently £776 per year plus the additional time on your visa. Only British Overseas Territories citizens who are resident in the Falkland Islands are exempt from payment for an IHS number.

Preparing your Supporting Documents

You must have all your documents ready before you apply online. You can prepare before receiving your CAS number, but you must not submit or pay for the online application until you have all documents in place.

Differentiation arrangement for “Low Risk” nationals

IMPORTANT: Read the section “Appendix ST22” in Appendix Student of the [Immigration Rules](#).

Some nationalities do not need to submit their financial documentation with their Student application. However, you do need to have these documents and you may be asked for them at any time during the application process. LSE has cases where low-risk nationals were asked to provide their paperwork as part of their application. If you cannot provide

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

documentation when requested, your application is likely to be refused, which will impact on your immigration history and your ability to join your programme.

The UKVI Student Guidance and the immigration rules call them 'differentiation arrangements' for "low risk" nationals. EU/EEA nationals will be classified as low-risk when they apply.

Find out more about being a ["low-risk" national](#) in our info sheet.

Understanding what money you need to show to avoid a refusal

IMPORTANT: Read the section "Student: financial requirement" in the [Student Guidance](#) and [Appendix Finance](#)

What do I need to do?

1. You must read the essential sections of the Student Guidance you are referred to.
2. Read our info sheet on [Meeting the Financial Requirements](#).
3. Calculate how much money you need.
4. Decide which documents you are going to use as evidence and plan to get them dated near to the time you will apply.
5. Check that they meet the requirements of the Student Guidance and obtain any translations required before applying.

You need to show:

- ***Tuition fees for your programme as stated on your CAS ; plus***
- ***£1,529 per month living costs up to a maximum of nine months (£13,761)***

FAQ: I am extending my visa [in the UK](#) and have had a visa for 12 months. My visa is still valid. Are the rules different for me?

Yes, in this case you automatically meet the financial requirements and do not need to submit evidence of your finances with your application.

What documents can you use as evidence of funds to avoid a refusal?

IMPORTANT: Read the section on "Evidence of Finance" in the [Student guidance](#)

Most refusals for Student applications by LSE students are because the financial documents don't meet the requirements. The UKVI requirements are:

- the closing balance (the most recent transaction or balance date) must be no more than 31 days before your date of application (meaning that the document cannot be more than 31 days old at the time you submit and pay for your online application);

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

- your bank statements must show that the entire amount has been in your account for 28 consecutive days prior to the closing balance of your statement (check the transactions not just the dates of the statement);
- at no point during the 28 days must it go below the required amount, or you will be refused;
- use www.timeanddate.com to calculate if you have held your funds for 28 days;
- you can only use personal accounts not business accounts;
- the money must be in a **cash** account (not stocks, shares, pensions and investments (that cannot be accessed immediately), credit cards or overdrafts);
- the documents must be issued by a bank that the UKVI accepts.
- if it is not a GB Sterling account, you must use the exchange rate on www.oanda.com on the day you submit your application;
- you cannot use an account held by a financial institution that does not keep electronic records.
- you cannot use an account held by a third party that does not meet the requirements.

Make your documents easy to understand. You can submit an explanatory note about your bank statements if you think that anything is unclear. For example, some savings accounts look like investment accounts. Although the UKVI says it will make checks with your bank, it rarely does so. It is in your best interests to make your statements clear and understandable.

Documents not in English: If your bank statements are not in English, you must provide an official translation that can be verified by the UKVI. Even if they are bilingual and words not translated into English could lead to a refusal.

Multiple accounts: If you are using multiple accounts, the UKVI will look at the combined total of all your accounts during the 28 days before your closing balance. It will use the closing balance of the account that most favours you, so you should use the same date.

If you are using multiple accounts, you should complete the *Multiple Account Calculator* to check you have the required funds for the 28 consecutive days. Contact Student Advice and Engagement Team if you require this.

Using your parents'/ legal guardians'/partner's money or a joint account

IMPORTANT: Read the section "Funds held in parents' accounts" in the [Financial Requirement Caseworker Guidance](#)

You can use your parents'/legal guardians' financial documents as proof that you meet the financial requirements. They must meet the same requirements as if you are submitting your own bank statements. In addition to submitting your parents' **original** bank documents, you must provide:

- your **original or officially notarised** birth certificate showing the name of your parents; or
- certificate of adoption showing your name and the name of your parent(s); or

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

- court document stating the name of your legal guardian(s) and your name.
- a letter from your parent(s) or legal guardian(s) confirming their relationship with you and that they consent to you using their funds to pay for your tuition fees and living costs in the UK.

You cannot use:

- **bank statements from any other family members e.g., grandparents or siblings unless they are your legal guardian as recognised by the courts**
- **an affidavit confirming your relationship to your parents/legal guardian**

It is possible to use a joint account as evidence providing that you are named on the account.

You can use your partners' account so long as they are applying at the same time as you or have already been granted leave.

Scholarships

IMPORTANT: Read the section "Funds provided by an Official Financial Sponsor" in the [Financial Requirement Caseworker Guidance](#)

The UKVI Student Guidance states that an **official financial sponsor** is '*Her Majesty's Government, the applicant's home government, the British Council or any international organisation, international company, university or UK independent school*'. If you are receiving financial support from another type of body or organisation, or from your relatives, this does not count as official financial sponsorship. Please note the following:

- **Current sponsorship/scholarships:** If you are receiving financial sponsorship or a scholarship to study on your current course, you will need to show evidence of this.
- **Past sponsorship/scholarships:** If you have received a scholarship from a government or an international scholarship agency within the last 12 months which covered your tuition fees and living costs, you will need to show evidence that they consent to you continuing to study in the UK and permit you to extend your visa.
- **If you are receiving an external scholarship:** You will need a letter from your official financial sponsor. If your home institution is sponsoring your studies, the letter must include the amount of money they are providing for tuition fees and living costs.
- **An international company:** refers to a company that trades internationally not just that it is not a UK business.

Scholarship from LSE

In most cases, a scholarship provided by LSE will be shown on your CAS. It may be shown as an overpayment of tuition fees; check the information on your CAS carefully. If your scholarship funding is shown on the CAS, you do not need to submit a scholarship letter with your visa application. If the scholarship is not on your CAS, contact the team who issued your CAS before you apply for the visa; they will be able to check and add it to

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

the CAS if required. If the scholarship cannot be confirmed on the CAS, you must submit an official letter confirming the scholarship with your visa application.

Loans – read FIN 8.3 and FIN 9.2 in [Appendix Finance](#) of the Immigration Rules

You can only rely on an educational loan if it is part of an educational loan scheme as evidence of funds for your visa application. You cannot rely on letters confirming arrangements for other loan types which are not part of an educational loans scheme.

Government Loans: If your loan is from your national government, the loan can be released to you when you register at your institution in the UK. If it is an educational loan from another source, it must be released before you travel to the UK.

US Loans:

US Federal loans are an educational loan scheme. The US government is not your official financial sponsor.

If you are using a US Federal Direct loan which is confirmed in a letter by LSE, you can use this as evidence for your application. You should not apply for your visa until you receive your US loan letter from LSE because this is your official confirmation of your funding. [Loans and Funding \(lse.ac.uk\)](#)

If you are using a non-Federal Direct loan which has not been verified by LSE, you will need to hold the required funds for your Student application in your bank account for the required 28 days before applying for your visa.

All other loans: If you are using a loan from any other source (a bank, a personal sponsor a relative etc.) which is not an educational loan which is part of a government educational loan scheme, you cannot submit a loan letter as evidence. You must receive the funds and transfer them into your own bank account (or that of your parents or legal guardian) and wait 28 days before you can apply for your Student visa.

How can I prove I meet the English language requirements?

IMPORTANT: Read [Assessing the English Language Requirement guidance](#)

LSE will state how you have met the English language requirement in the 'Evidence Used to Assess Suitability' section of your CAS. LSE is a Higher Education Provider with a track record of compliance, and we can use several ways to show how you have met the language requirements.

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

Getting your documents translated

IMPORTANT: Read the section “Translating documents” in the [Student Guidance](#).

Any documents that are not in English or Welsh must have an original translation that can be independently verified by the UKVI. This includes bank statements if they are not bilingual.

The original translation must show:

- details of the translator / translation company credentials
- confirmation that it is an accurate translation of the original document
- the translator's contact details
- the date of the translation
- the translator's full name and signature or signature of an authorised official of the translation company

Passport

You must submit any passport that you have used to travel to the UK. The passport you use for your application **must** match the passport details on the CAS or you will be refused your visa. Check your CAS is correct before submitting your visa application.

Tuberculosis (TB) Test Certificate

If your course is for more than 6 months and you are applying from or have been resident in a [country where TB testing](#) is required for visa purposes, you may need to obtain a TB certificate, or you will be refused.

Find out more about [TB testing for Student applicants](#) in our info sheet.

Under 18's – Read Parental Consent for Students ...under 18 in the [Student Guidance](#)

If you will be under 18 at the point you apply for your Student visa and travel to the UK, you must still apply for Student. You will be required to include a letter from your parent/legal guardian confirming their relationship to you, that they have given consent to your application, that they have given consent to you living independently and that they have given consent to your independent travel to the UK. You will also need to provide documentary evidence of your relationship to the person giving consent for you to travel to the UK.

Part 2: Your Student application

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

What is the date of application?

Applying outside the UK

The date of application is the day you submit the online application form or pay the fee for your application. This varies between countries as it depends if you pay your fee when you submit your online application form or when you attend an appointment.

If you have paid your fee at the point you submit the application form, this is your date of application so any supporting documents must be prepared before this. Any documents prepared and dated after you have submitted your application may lead to a refusal.

You can apply up to six months in advance of your programme start date on your CAS.

Applying in the UK

The date of application is the day that you submit and pay for your application online. If you do not have your supporting documents prepared, do not pay for your application until they are available to you. Upon payment you will receive a document checklist which confirms your date of submission and the documents you need to provide. You will also receive an email confirming your payment. Check your junk mail folder if you do not receive the email.

You can apply up to three months in advance of your programme start date on your CAS.

How much will your application cost and how long will it take to be processed?

Applying outside the UK

The current cost for a standard application made outside the UK is £524. You can get an indication of recent processing times at <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/visa-decision-waiting-times-applications-outside-the-uk>. The times are given in working days and you need to allow time for the return of your documents, as this can often delay the process.

In some countries it is possible to apply using a “premium” or “priority” appointment to get your application processed quicker. There is usually an additional cost for these services and the average processing times are seven working days. Priority service charges are normally in the local currency. You can find this information under the “User Pay Services” section of the visa application centre website.

If you receive any correspondence about your application and you are unsure what to do or if you require support, please [contact us](#).

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

Applying in the UK

IMPORTANT: You must not travel out of the UK whilst your application is in progress, or you will cancel your application.

The current cost for a standard application in the UK is £524. You should receive your decision within eight weeks of the date of application.

The current cost for a priority application in the UK is £1024. You should receive a decision within 5 working days of the date of application.

The current cost for a super priority application in the UK is £1524. You will receive a decision regarding your application within one working day may be an additional fee for your biometrics.

It is likely that you will need to create a UKVI account to apply and then access your eVisa (electronic visa) as the UKVI is no longer issuing BRP cards.

There are two processes for applying in the UK:

- EU/EEA students or those of any nationality who have a BRP will provide their biometric information via a Home Office mobile app and will receive a digital status
- Non-EU/EEA students with no BRP will continue to provide their biometrics in person and then need to create a UKVI account to access their eVisa.

What are biometrics?

As part of your Student application, you need to provide your biometric information (fingerprints and photograph). Where you provide your biometric information depends on where you are applying from.

- If you are applying outside the UK, you should follow the instructions given as part of your application form.
- If you are applying in the UK using the standard, priority or super priority application process, you will need to book an appointment at one of the UK Visas and Citizenship Application Service Centres (unless using the UK Immigration: ID Check app). You will give your biometric information at this centre. Please refer to our guide to completing the application form in the UK for more advice on the new application system.

For visa applications of more than six months, you will need to create a UKVI account (may be created during the application process) and then access your eVisa.

Credibility Interviews

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

As part of your application, you may be asked to attend a credibility interview. During an interview, the UKVI may ask questions about your course of study in the UK, your English language level, why you decided to study at the LSE, what other institutions you looked at, your finances and your future plans. This will usually be done via a video link to an office in the UK. If there are any concerns about your answers, you may be asked to attend a second interview in your country of application.

Problems with your application

Problems outside the UK

Refusals

IMPORTANT: Refusals affect the LSE's Student Sponsor Licence. If you receive a refusal, you will not be issued with a new CAS number until you have been advised by Student Advice and Engagement Team on how to avoid a second refusal. It is at the LSE's discretion if we wish to provide you with a new CAS based on your risk of further refusals.

Find out what to do [if your visa has been refused](#) in our info sheet.

Invalid or returned applications

There are some errors that would make your application invalid, for example:

- You have applied too far in advance of your course start date on your CAS/without a valid CAS
- You do not submit the mandatory documents within the correct timeframe.

This is not a refusal, because your application has not even been considered or processed under the immigration rules. It is simply returned to you. If this happens, usually the UKVI arranges a refund for the application.

Problems in the UK

Refusals

IMPORTANT: Refusals affect the LSE's Student Sponsor Licence. If you receive a refusal, you will not be issued with a new CAS number until you have been advised by Student Advice and Engagement Team on how to avoid a second refusal. It is at the LSE's discretion if we wish to provide you with a new CAS based on your risk of further refusals.

Find out what to do [if your visa has been refused](#) in our info sheet.

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

Invalid or returned applications

There are some errors that would make your application invalid, for example:

- there was a problem with your payment
- you do not submit the mandatory documents within the correct timeframe.

This is not a refusal, because your application has not even been considered or processed under the immigration rules; it is simply returned to you. If this happens, usually the UKVI arranges a refund for the application fee and IHS fee.

If your existing visa has not yet expired, you can apply again with fresh documents. This means financial documents must be dated no more than one month before the date that you are submitting the new application and the CAS must still be valid. If you have problems, we advise you to contact Student Advice and Engagement Team. We can advise you on how to avoid repeating errors before submitting a new application.

If your visa has expired, you may be an 'overstayer'. We strongly advise you to contact Student Advice and Engagement Team if your application is returned invalid and your visa has expired, as it may affect your ability to remain enrolled on your programme.

Receiving your visa

- **Immigration permission granted outside the UK**

IMPORTANT: Check your decision letter/email carefully and do not throw it away or delete it. It will be in the envelope with your passport or sent via email.

From 15 July 2025, visa vignettes stickers in your passports will no longer be issued to successful Student visa applicants. Instead, you will need to follow the instructions in your decision letter or email to create a UKVI account and access your eVisa. You will not receive anything in your passport.

90 day vignette stickers will continue to be issued to successful Student visa applicants until 15 July 2025. Dependents will continue to receive 90 day vignette stickers until further notice.

Your eVisa is your evidence that you have immigration permission to study in the UK and you will need to generate a share code to prove your status and right to study in the UK using the below link: <https://www.gov.uk/view-prove-immigration-status>

- **Immigration permission granted in the UK**

Standard/priority applications made in the UK

If your visa application is successful, the UKVI will send you an email informing you of the decision. You should ensure you check your junk and email folders as it may go into these email boxes. Your visa will be in the form of an eVisa.

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students

Checking your eVisa for Errors

It's very important to check your eVisa to see if there are any errors on it. There are short timeframes to get errors amended and if you miss these, it may not be possible to get an amendment in the future without a new visa application. For example, if you are not given permission to work and do not notice this until after the window to submit a correction request has passed, you will not be able to work during your time in the UK.

Key contacts

LSE Contacts

- [**Student Advice and Engagement Team \(SAET\)**](#) – contact us directly if you have any questions about applying for the Student visa. We are unable to speak to your parents or other family members about your Student application.
- [**Undergraduate Admissions Office**](#) – you can contact them if you are a new student with questions about your offer, meeting the conditions of your offer or your CAS.
- [**Fees Office**](#) – contact the Fees Office if your US Federal Loan is being approved by the LSE.
- [**Residences Fees Team**](#) – contact them if you require an official receipt of university accommodation payments – please email residences.fees@lse.ac.uk

External Contacts

- [**UK Visas and Immigration \(UKVI\)**](#) – part of the Home Office, which is the UK government department which writes the immigration rules. The UKVI contact centre is provided by a third-party company at a cost and is not the Home Office. Before contacting the UKVI contact centre, please get in touch with STUDENT ADVICE AND ENGAGEMENT TEAM.
- [**UK Council for International Student Affairs \(UKCISA\)**](#) - the advocacy body for international student issues in the UK. You can find lots of information on their web pages from applying for a Student visa to how to deal with culture shock.
- [**Immigration Advice Authority \(IAA\)**](#) – the UK Government regulatory body for immigration advice in the UK. Contact the IAA if you wish to find an external regulated immigration adviser or make a complaint about immigration advice you have received.
- [**Immigration Law Practitioners' Association \(ILPA\)**](#) – ILPA is a membership organisation for immigration law practitioners. You can find independent immigration advisers via the website.

Applying for a Student Visa – Undergraduate Students



THE LONDON SCHOOL
OF ECONOMICS AND
POLITICAL SCIENCE ■

Student Advice and Engagement Team

The London School of Economics

and Political Science

Houghton Street

London WC2A 2AE

lse.ac.uk/current-students/student-services/student-services-centre



The information in this brochure can be made available in alternative formats, on request.

The London School of Economics and Political Science is a School of the University of London. It is a charity and is incorporated in England as a company limited by guarantee under the Companies Acts (Reg no 70527).

The School seeks to ensure that people are treated equitably, regardless of age, disability, race, nationality, ethnic or national origin, gender, religion, sexual orientation or personal circumstances.

Design: LSE Design Unit (lse.ac.uk/designunit)

Photography: Nigel Stead, LSE School Photographer.